

JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND – GLOBAL HIGH YIELD BOND FUND

A4m HSGD ISIN LU2046586843

Investment objective

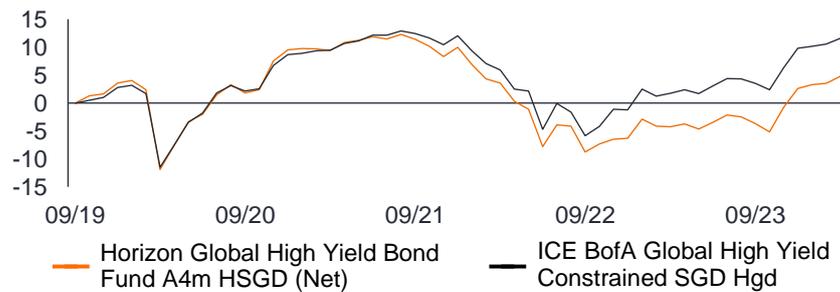
The Fund aims to provide an income with the potential for capital growth over the long term. The Fund invests at least 80% of its assets in high yield (non-investment grade, equivalent to BB+ rated or lower) corporate bonds, in any country. The Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in contingent convertible bonds (CoCos).

Performance (%)

Returns	Cumulative			Annualised				Since inception
	1 Month	3 Month	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	
A4m HSGD (Net) with sales charge	-3.84	-2.98	-2.98	4.00	-3.10	—	—	-0.10
Index	0.95	1.62	1.62	9.65	0.63	—	—	2.47
A4m HSGD (Net)	1.22	2.13	2.13	9.47	-1.43	—	—	1.05

Cumulative growth - SGD

30 Sep 2019 — 31 Mar 2024



Calendar year	YTD at Q1 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019 from 30 Sep
A4m HSGD (Net)	2.13	9.55	-14.84	0.42	5.74	3.60
Index	1.62	11.15	-11.82	3.10	5.75	2.77

Performance is net of fees, with gross income reinvested. Performance figures of less than 1 year are not annualised. Source: at 31/03/24. © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the amount originally invested.** For sales charge information, refer to Additional information on page 3.

Fund details

Inception date	19 November 2013
Total net assets	\$897.73m
Asset class	Fixed Income
Domicile	Luxembourg
Structure	SICAV
Base currency	USD
Index	ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Index (100% Hedged)
Morningstar sector	Global High Yield Bond
SFDR category	Article 8

In accordance with the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, the Fund is classified as Article 8 and promotes, among other characteristics, environmental and/or social characteristics, and invests in companies with good governance practices.

Share class information

Inception date	30 September 2019
NAV (SGD)	80.38
Distribution type	Income Gross
Distribution frequency	Monthly
Distribution yield	6.30%
Underlying yield	5.50%
Currency	SGD
Minimum initial investment	2,500

The Distribution and Underlying Yields are based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. The yield does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Portfolio management

Thomas Ross	Manager since 2015
Brent Olson	Manager since 2021
Tim Winstone, CFA	Manager since 2021
Seth Meyer, CFA	Manager since 2017

Characteristics

Number of holdings: Debt issues	188
Duration (years)	3.29
Weighted average life (years)	4.66
Yield to worst (%)	7.48

Top industries (%)

	Fund	Index
Basic Industry	10.25	8.51
Financial Services	9.76	5.49
Energy	8.53	13.16
Healthcare	8.22	6.93
Retail	7.52	5.39
Foreign Sovereign	6.53	—
Leisure	5.70	6.08
Capital Goods	5.34	5.89
Technology & Electronics	5.16	4.51
Utility	4.62	4.77

Credit quality of fixed income holdings (%)

	Fund	Index
BBB	2.44	1.41
BB	49.22	56.07
B	38.53	31.93
CCC & Below	9.57	10.25
Not Rated	0.06	0.04

Bond credit quality ratings provided by Janus Henderson Investors is based on the average of ratings from Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch where all three agencies have provided a rating. If only two agencies rate a security, the average is on those. If only one agency rates a security, that rating is used. Ratings are measured on a scale that ranges from AAA (highest) to CCC (lowest). Swaps, Options, Cash and Bond Futures are separately grouped.

Maturity of fixed income holdings (%)

	Fund	Index
0-3 years	5.68	24.90
3-5 years	28.14	33.24
5-7 years	37.82	23.96
7-10 years	17.83	9.02
10-15 years	0.87	1.17
15+ years	9.47	7.44

Top holdings (%)

	Fund
Standard Industries 3.375% 2031	1.51
Bellis Acquisition 3.25% 2026	1.48
Medline Borrower 5.25% 2029	1.36
Organon 5.125% 2031	1.33
Uzbekneftegaz JSC 4.75% 2028	1.29
Cargo Aircraft Management 4.75% 2028	1.28
Macy's Retail 5.875% 2029	1.27
Thor Industries 4.00% 2029	1.26
FMG Resources August 2006 Pty 6.125% 2032	1.25
Cemex 9.125% 2172	1.24
Total	13.29

References made to individual securities should not constitute or form part of any offer or solicitation to issue, securities mentioned in the report.

Top countries/regions (%)

	Fund	Index
United States	49.65	55.53
United Kingdom	8.60	4.87
Germany	3.92	2.58
Canada	3.56	3.08
France	3.38	3.86
Mexico	2.38	2.70
Spain	2.27	2.03
Israel	2.08	0.99
Netherlands	2.05	1.12
Ireland	2.02	0.24

Codes

ISIN	LU2046586843
Bloomberg	JHGA4HS
SEDOL	BKS39H0

Fees & charges (%)

Maximum initial sales charge	5.00
Annual management charge (AMC)	0.75
Total expense ratio (TER)	1.16

Fund charges will impact the value of your investment. In particular, the ongoing charges applicable to each fund will dilute investment performance, particularly over time. For further explanation of charges please visit our Fund Charges page at www.janushenderson.com. Under some circumstances initial charges may apply. Please refer to the Prospectus for more details.

Additional fund information

Tax assumptions and reliefs depend upon an investor's particular circumstances and may be subject to change. From 1 September 2021, Tim Winstone and Brent Olson also manage the fund. Fund data reflects Net credit exposures including the impact of any credit derivative positions. 100% of the Annual Management Charge is taken from capital. Please note: due to rounding the figures in the holdings breakdowns may not add up to 100%. This is a Luxembourg SICAV Fund, regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF). Information relating to other currencies and fee structure can be found in the fund prospectus. Note that any differences among portfolio securities currencies, share class currencies and costs to be paid or represented in currencies other than your home currency will expose you to currency risk. Costs and returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. To obtain our prospectus and any additional information please visit our website on: www.janushenderson.com. The Fund may make use of one or a combination of the following instruments / strategies in order to achieve the Fund's objective including, but not limited to, asset and mortgage backed securities, convertible bonds, structured notes, options, OTC swaps (such as interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, credit default swaps on indices and total return swaps), and forward foreign exchange contracts and preferred stocks. Investment into the fund will acquire units/shares of the fund itself and not the underlying assets owned by the fund. Cash balances and exposures are based on settled and unsettled trades as at the reporting date. Performance with sales charge source: Janus Henderson. Investors, calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, net of 5.00% initial charge, with gross income reinvested at NAV price. Note: The performance calculation is based on a maximum initial sales charge of 5.00%. The actual initial sales charge paid by the unitholder may be different based on the discount, if any, applied by distributors. As such, the performance return may differ based on the discount, if any, applied by distributors. Refer to the prospectus for more details on shares classes offered. All ongoing charges stated are as per latest published report and accounts. Where the ongoing charges exceed the target outperformance relative to the benchmark the return is likely to be below the benchmark return, even when the Fund's outperformance target (before the deduction of charges) has been achieved. For funds which charge performance fees, investors should note that the total expense ratio includes the performance fees crystallised for the preceding performance period.

Fund specific risks

When the Fund, or a share/unit class, seeks to mitigate exchange rate movements of a currency relative to the base currency (hedge), the hedging strategy itself may positively or negatively impact the value of the Fund due to differences in short-term interest rates between the currencies. An issuer of a bond (or money market instrument) may become unable or unwilling to pay interest or repay capital to the Fund. If this happens or the market perceives this may happen, the value of the bond will fall. High yielding (non-investment grade) bonds are more speculative and more sensitive to adverse changes in market conditions. The Fund could lose money if a counterparty with which the Fund trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations, or as a result of failure or delay in operational processes or the failure of a third party provider. In addition to income, this share class may distribute realised and unrealised capital gains and original capital invested. Fees, charges and expenses are also deducted from capital. Both factors may result in capital erosion and reduced potential for capital growth. Investors should also note that distributions of this nature may be treated (and taxable) as income depending on local tax legislation. CoCos can fall sharply in value if the financial strength of an issuer weakens and a predetermined trigger event causes the bonds to be converted into shares/units of the issuer or to be partly or wholly written off. When interest rates rise (or fall), the prices of different securities will be affected differently. In particular, bond values generally fall when interest rates rise (or are expected to rise). This risk is typically greater the longer the maturity of a bond investment. Some bonds (callable bonds) allow their issuers the right to repay capital early or to extend the maturity. Issuers may exercise these rights when favourable to them and as a result the value of the Fund may be impacted. Emerging markets expose the Fund to higher volatility and greater risk of loss than developed markets; they are susceptible to adverse political and economic events, and may be less well regulated with less robust custody and settlement procedures. The Fund may use derivatives to help achieve its investment objective. This can result in leverage (higher levels of debt), which can magnify an investment outcome. Gains or losses to the Fund may therefore be greater than the cost of the derivative. Derivatives also introduce other risks, in particular, that a derivative counterparty may not meet its contractual obligations. Securities within the Fund could become hard to value or to sell at a desired time and price, especially in extreme market conditions when asset prices may be falling, increasing the risk of investment losses. Some or all of the ongoing charges may be taken from capital, which may erode capital or reduce potential for capital growth. The Fund may incur a higher level of transaction costs as a result of investing in less actively traded or less developed markets compared to a fund that invests in more active/developed markets.

Glossary

Asset-backed securities (ABS)

A financial security which is 'backed' with assets such as loans, credit card debts or leases. They give investors the opportunity to invest in a wide variety of income-generating assets.

Discount

When the market price of a security is thought to be less than its underlying value, it is said to be 'trading at a discount'. Within investment trusts, this is the amount by which the price per share of an investment trust is lower than the value of its underlying net asset value. The opposite of trading at a premium.

Distribution Yield

The Distribution Yield reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next 12 months as a percentage of the mid-market share price of the fund at the date shown.

Duration

How far a fixed income security or portfolio is sensitive to a change in interest rates, measured in terms of the weighted average of all the security/portfolio's remaining cash flows (both coupons and principal). It is expressed as a number of years. The larger the figure, the more sensitive it is to a movement in interest rates. 'Going short duration' refers to reducing the average duration of a portfolio. Alternatively, 'going long duration' refers to extending a portfolio's average duration.

Future

A contract between two parties to buy or sell a tradable asset, such as shares, bonds, commodities or currencies, at a specified future date at a price agreed today. A future is a form of derivative.

High yield bond

A bond which has a lower credit rating below an investment grade bond. It is sometimes known as a sub-investment grade bond. These bonds usually carry a higher risk of the issuer defaulting on their payments, so they are typically issued with a higher coupon to compensate for the additional risk.

Mortgage-backed security (MBS)

A security which is secured (or 'backed') by a collection of mortgages. Investors receive periodic payments derived from the underlying mortgages, similar to coupons. Similar to an asset-backed security.

Option

A derivative instrument where one party pays/receives the total return of the underlying asset or market index, in exchange for payments typically linked to LIBOR.

Swaps

A derivative contract between two parties where pre-determined cash flows of two financial instruments are exchanged. Swaps can help to hedge risk and minimise uncertainty; for example currency swaps can be used to minimise foreign currency exposure.

Underlying Yield

The Underlying Yield reflects the annualised income net of expenses of the fund (calculated in accordance with relevant accounting standards) as a percentage of the mid-market share price of the fund at the date shown.

Weighted Average Life (WAL)

The average time taken (in years) for the principal to be repaid for securitised assets, or the probable time to maturity for non-securitised assets. Securitised assets, also known as 'asset backed' securities, represent a pool of other interest bearing assets such as loans and mortgages. The value is based on the cash flows of the underlying assets.

Yield to worst

If a bond has special features, such as a call (ie, the issuer can call the bond back at a date specified in advance), the yield to worst is the lowest yield the bond can achieve provided the issuer does not default.

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